



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Aug 7, 2023 – 03:04 PM EDT

PDB ID : 6PWV
EMDB ID : EMD-20512
Title : Cryo-EM structure of MLL1 core complex bound to the nucleosome
Authors : Park, S.H.; Ayoub, A.; Lee, Y.T.; Xu, J.; Zhang, W.; Zhang, B.; Zhang, Y.;
Cianfrocco, M.A.; Su, M.; Dou, Y.; Cho, U.
Deposited on : 2019-07-23
Resolution : 6.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

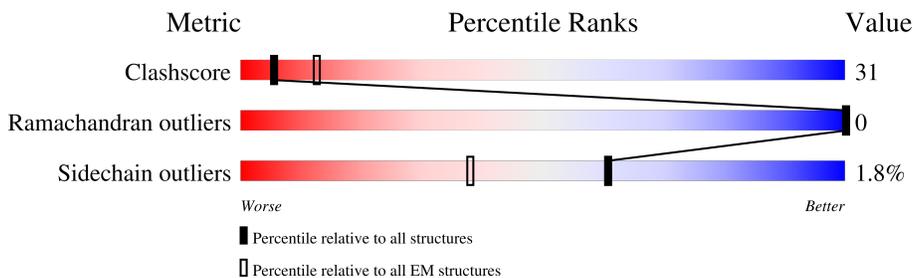
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev50
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 6.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



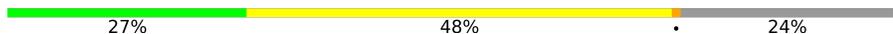
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	538	
2	B	313	
3	C	209	
4	G	136	
4	K	136	
5	H	103	
5	L	103	
6	I	129	

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
6	M	129	 33% 50% 17%
7	J	122	 27% 48% 24%
7	N	122	 30% 47% 24%
8	O	147	 22% 77% .
9	P	147	 12% 86% ..
10	E	102	 29% 23% 24% 54%
10	F	102	 25% 21% 28% 51%
11	D	534	 25% 34% 32% 33%

2 Entry composition i

There are 13 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 21781 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Retinoblastoma-binding protein 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	333	2613	1648	457	493	15	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q15291

- Molecule 2 is a protein called WD repeat-containing protein 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	303	2342	1492	388	451	11	3	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Histone-lysine N-methyltransferase 2A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	C	153	1228	780	218	217	13	0	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	3761	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q03164
C	3861	ILE	ASN	conflict	UNP Q03164
C	3867	LEU	GLN	conflict	UNP Q03164

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Histone H3.2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	G	98	801	506	153	139	3	0	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	K	98	801	506	153	139	3	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
G	102	ALA	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP P84233
K	102	ALA	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP P84233

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Histone H4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
5	H	82	653	413	127	112	1	0	0
5	L	82	653	413	127	112	1	0	0

- Molecule 6 is a protein called Histone H2A type 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
6	I	107	811	510	158	143	0	0
6	M	107	815	513	159	143	0	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
I	99	ARG	GLY	conflict	UNP P06897
I	123	SER	ALA	conflict	UNP P06897
M	99	ARG	GLY	conflict	UNP P06897
M	123	SER	ALA	conflict	UNP P06897

- Molecule 7 is a protein called Histone H2B 1.1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
7	J	93	718	451	128	137	2	0	0
7	N	93	726	457	130	137	2	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
J	29	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P02281
N	29	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P02281

- Molecule 8 is a DNA chain called DNA (147-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
8	O	146	2975	1413	540	876	146	0	0

- Molecule 9 is a DNA chain called DNA (147-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
9	P	146	3011	1425	564	876	146	0	0

- Molecule 10 is a protein called Protein dpy-30 homolog.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
10	E	47	368	242	60	66	0	0
10	F	50	393	258	65	70	0	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C005
E	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C005
E	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C005
F	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C005
F	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C005
F	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C005

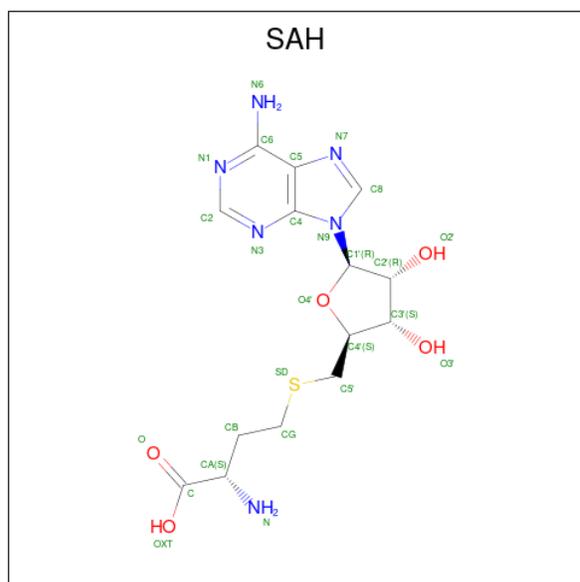
- Molecule 11 is a protein called Set1/Ash2 histone methyltransferase complex subunit ASH2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
11	D	357	2819	1802	481	528	8	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UBL3

- Molecule 12 is S-ADENOSYL-L-HOMOCYSTEINE (three-letter code: SAH) (formula: $C_{14}H_{20}N_6O_5S$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	S	
12	C	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0
			26	14	6	5	1	
12	C	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0
			26	14	6	5	1	

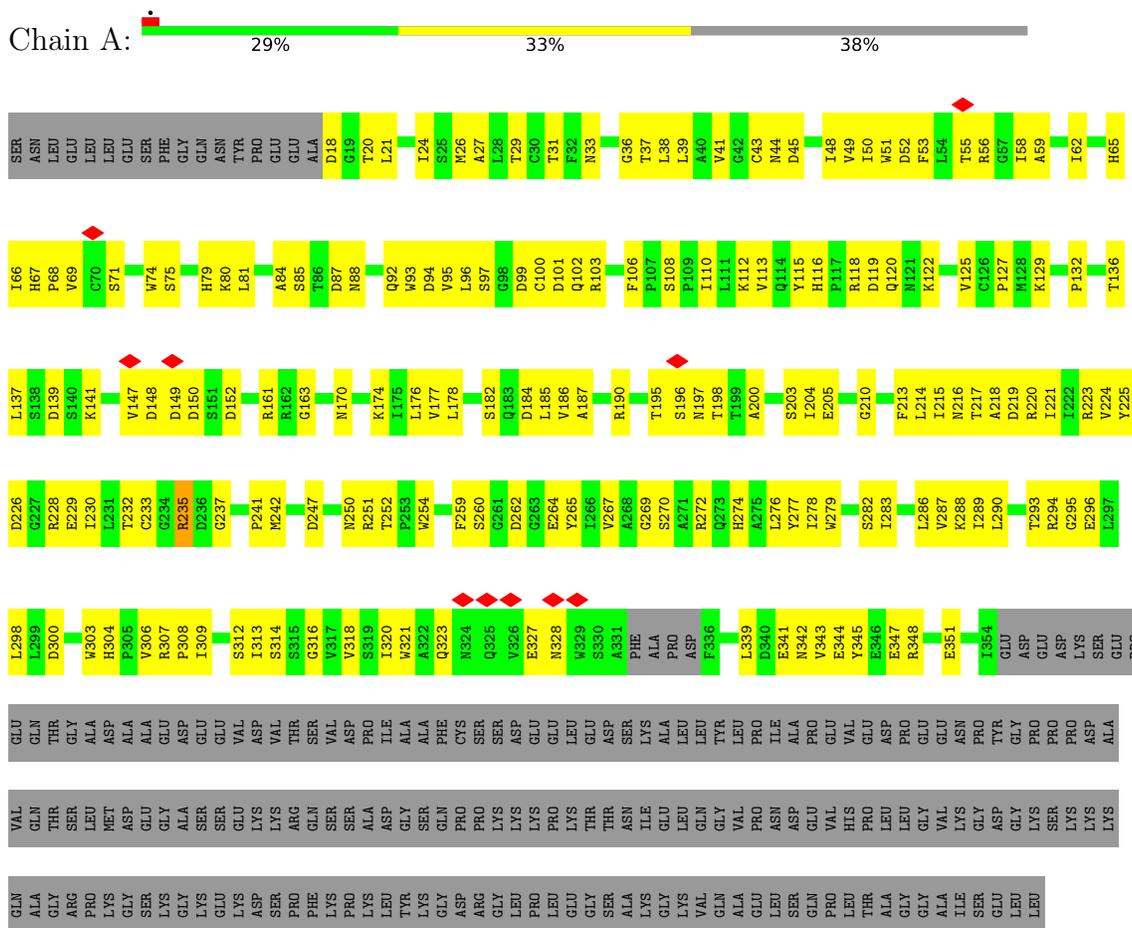
- Molecule 13 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
			Total	Zn	
13	C	2	Total	Zn	0
			2	2	

3 Residue-property plots

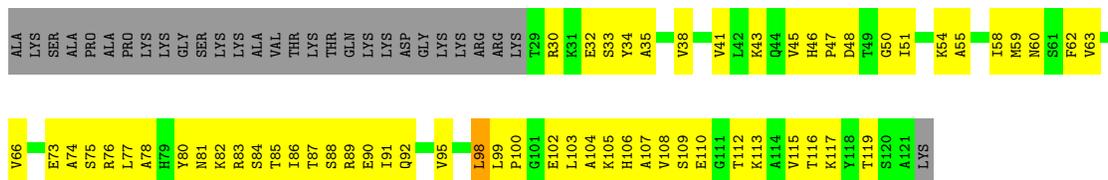
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Retinoblastoma-binding protein 5

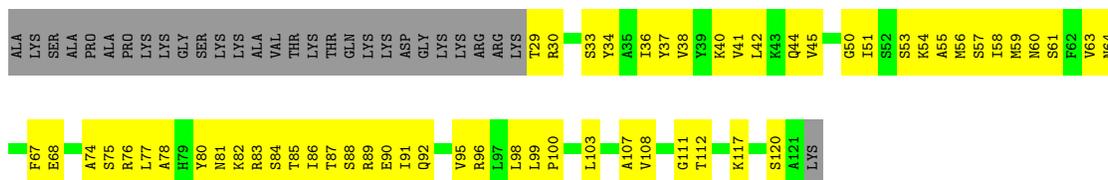


• Molecule 2: WD repeat-containing protein 5

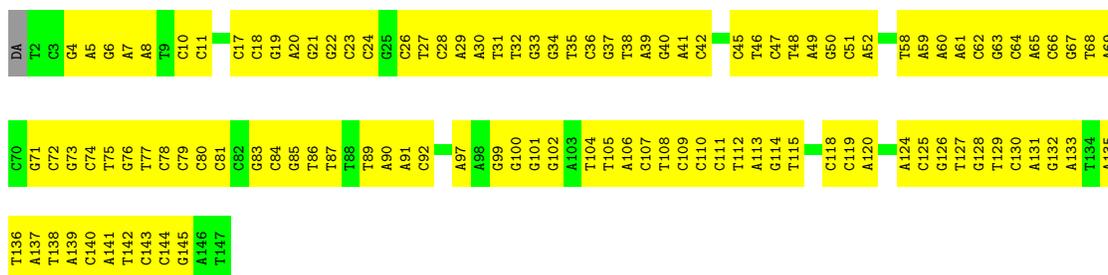




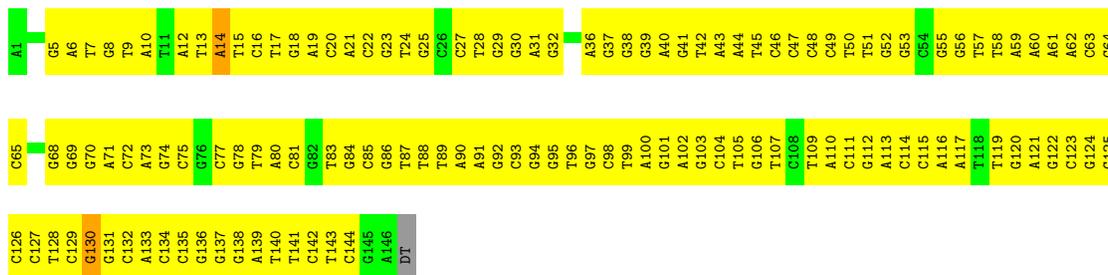
• Molecule 7: Histone H2B 1.1



• Molecule 8: DNA (147-MER)



• Molecule 9: DNA (147-MER)



• Molecule 10: Protein dpy-30 homolog



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	8433	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING ONLY	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	64	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.063	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.024	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.002	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.01	Depositor
Map size (\AA)	353.5, 353.5, 353.5	wwPDB
Map dimensions	350, 350, 350	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (\AA)	1.01, 1.01, 1.01	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SAH, ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.28	0/2667	0.48	0/3620
2	B	0.28	0/2413	0.47	0/3275
3	C	0.28	0/1253	0.41	0/1678
4	G	0.30	0/813	0.43	0/1093
4	K	0.30	0/813	0.42	0/1093
5	H	0.33	0/660	0.50	0/885
5	L	0.33	0/660	0.50	0/885
6	I	0.30	0/821	0.46	0/1112
6	M	0.29	0/825	0.45	0/1116
7	J	0.31	0/729	0.47	1/985 (0.1%)
7	N	0.31	0/737	0.45	0/993
8	O	0.75	0/3333	0.95	0/5137
9	P	0.77	0/3381	0.93	2/5221 (0.0%)
10	E	0.27	0/376	0.54	0/514
10	F	0.29	0/401	0.53	0/547
11	D	0.28	0/2903	0.49	0/3933
All	All	0.48	0/22785	0.66	3/32087 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
11	D	0	1
All	All	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
7	J	98	LEU	C-N-CA	-5.40	108.20	121.70
9	P	14	DA	O4'-C4'-C3'	-5.26	102.40	104.50
9	P	130	DG	O4'-C4'-C3'	-5.11	102.45	104.50

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	328	ASN	Peptide
11	D	531	PRO	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2613	0	2582	143	0
2	B	2342	0	2298	113	0
3	C	1228	0	1225	62	0
4	G	801	0	831	81	0
4	K	801	0	831	79	0
5	H	653	0	695	74	0
5	L	653	0	695	72	0
6	I	811	0	849	72	0
6	M	815	0	860	79	0
7	J	718	0	725	62	0
7	N	726	0	747	64	0
8	O	2975	0	1639	152	0
9	P	3011	0	1639	184	0
10	E	368	0	382	29	0
10	F	393	0	412	51	0
11	D	2819	0	2744	178	0
12	C	52	0	36	8	0
13	C	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	21781	0	19190	1244	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 31.

The worst 5 of 1244 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by

their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
8:O:83:DG:N2	9:P:65:DC:O2	1.98	0.97
8:O:83:DG:N1	9:P:65:DC:N3	2.17	0.91
11:D:313:TYR:HA	11:D:474:LEU:O	1.71	0.91
5:L:71:THR:O	5:L:74:GLU:HB3	1.75	0.86
10:F:61:VAL:HB	11:D:529:SER:HB3	1.56	0.86

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	329/538 (61%)	307 (93%)	22 (7%)	0	100	100
2	B	304/313 (97%)	287 (94%)	17 (6%)	0	100	100
3	C	149/209 (71%)	144 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
4	G	96/136 (71%)	92 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
4	K	96/136 (71%)	92 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
5	H	80/103 (78%)	70 (88%)	10 (12%)	0	100	100
5	L	80/103 (78%)	70 (88%)	10 (12%)	0	100	100
6	I	105/129 (81%)	102 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
6	M	105/129 (81%)	101 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
7	J	91/122 (75%)	86 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
7	N	91/122 (75%)	89 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
10	E	45/102 (44%)	42 (93%)	3 (7%)	0	100	100
10	F	48/102 (47%)	43 (90%)	5 (10%)	0	100	100
11	D	355/534 (66%)	312 (88%)	43 (12%)	0	100	100
All	All	1974/2778 (71%)	1837 (93%)	137 (7%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	291/462 (63%)	288 (99%)	3 (1%)	76	86
2	B	263/274 (96%)	263 (100%)	0	100	100
3	C	132/182 (72%)	132 (100%)	0	100	100
4	G	84/111 (76%)	78 (93%)	6 (7%)	14	39
4	K	84/111 (76%)	78 (93%)	6 (7%)	14	39
5	H	67/79 (85%)	61 (91%)	6 (9%)	9	30
5	L	67/79 (85%)	61 (91%)	6 (9%)	9	30
6	I	81/101 (80%)	80 (99%)	1 (1%)	71	83
6	M	82/101 (81%)	82 (100%)	0	100	100
7	J	77/102 (76%)	77 (100%)	0	100	100
7	N	79/102 (78%)	78 (99%)	1 (1%)	69	82
10	E	40/91 (44%)	40 (100%)	0	100	100
10	F	43/91 (47%)	43 (100%)	0	100	100
11	D	299/460 (65%)	298 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	95
All	All	1689/2346 (72%)	1659 (98%)	30 (2%)	61	77

5 of 30 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	H	90	LEU
5	L	90	LEU
4	K	80	THR
11	D	324	LYS
5	L	63	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 41 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
6	M	89	ASN
10	E	94	GLN
6	M	112	GLN
7	N	60	ASN
11	D	188	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
12	SAH	C	4001	-	24,28,28	1.18	3 (12%)	25,40,40	1.78	5 (20%)
12	SAH	C	4003	-	24,28,28	1.20	3 (12%)	25,40,40	1.65	4 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
12	SAH	C	4001	-	-	3/11/31/31	0/3/3/3
12	SAH	C	4003	-	-	5/11/31/31	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
12	C	4003	SAH	C2-N3	3.95	1.38	1.32
12	C	4001	SAH	C2-N3	3.76	1.38	1.32
12	C	4003	SAH	C2-N1	2.39	1.38	1.33
12	C	4001	SAH	C2-N1	2.35	1.38	1.33
12	C	4003	SAH	OXT-C	-2.20	1.23	1.30

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
12	C	4001	SAH	N3-C2-N1	-5.39	120.25	128.68
12	C	4003	SAH	N3-C2-N1	-5.30	120.39	128.68
12	C	4001	SAH	C5'-SD-CG	-4.43	88.97	102.27
12	C	4001	SAH	C3'-C2'-C1'	3.01	105.51	100.98
12	C	4003	SAH	OXT-C-O	-2.97	117.35	124.09

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
12	C	4003	SAH	C4'-C5'-SD-CG
12	C	4003	SAH	CA-CB-CG-SD
12	C	4001	SAH	C3'-C4'-C5'-SD
12	C	4001	SAH	O4'-C4'-C5'-SD
12	C	4003	SAH	O-C-CA-CB

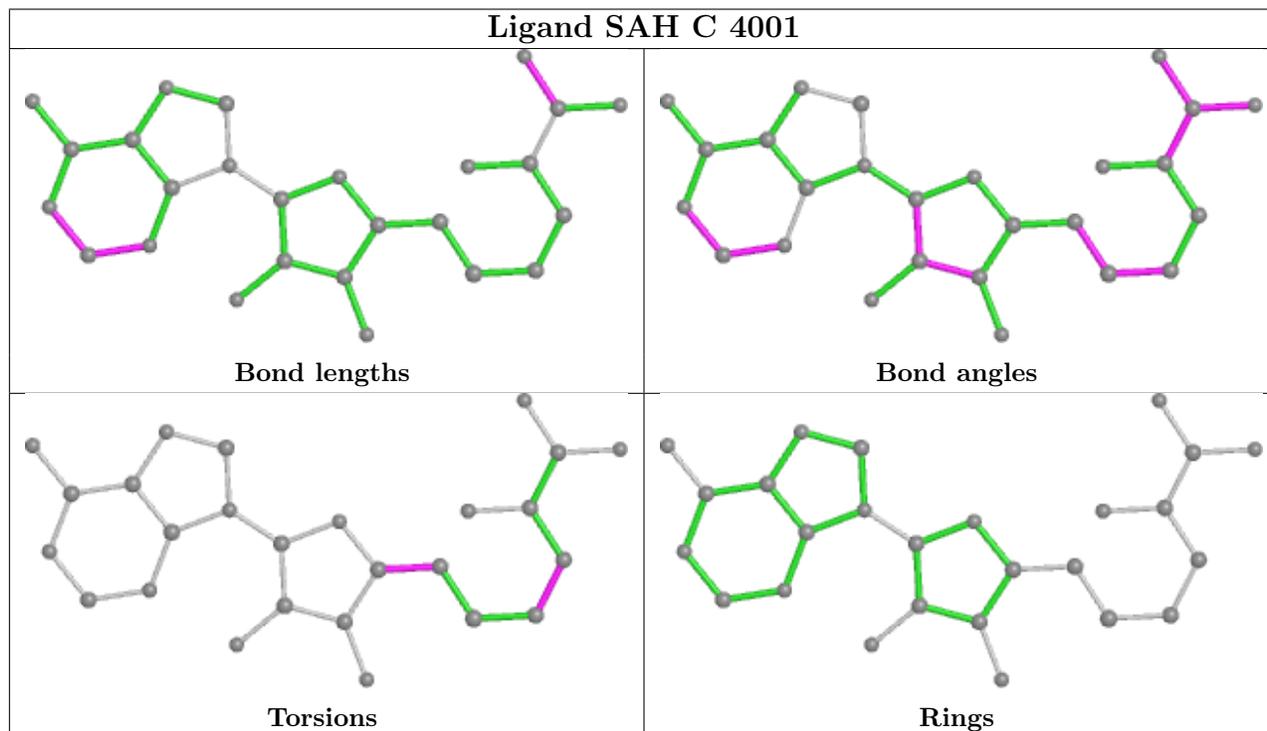
There are no ring outliers.

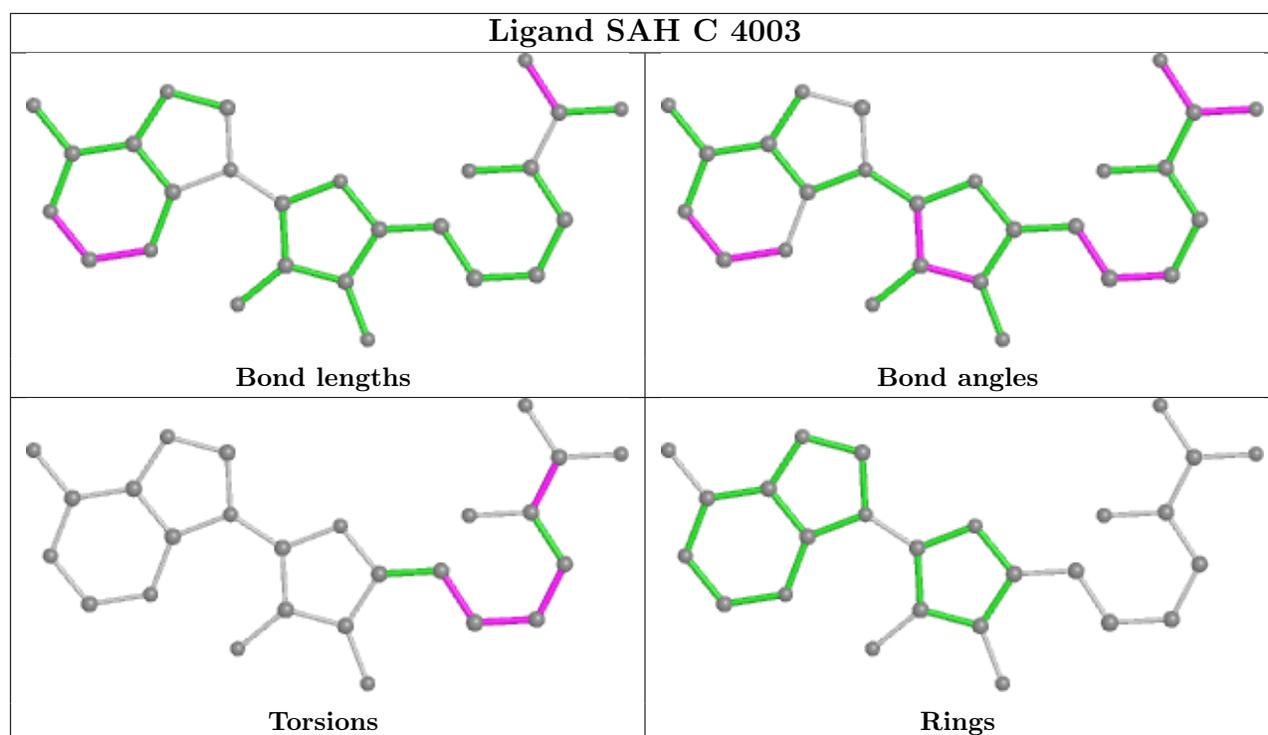
2 monomers are involved in 8 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
12	C	4001	SAH	3	0
12	C	4003	SAH	6	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is

within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

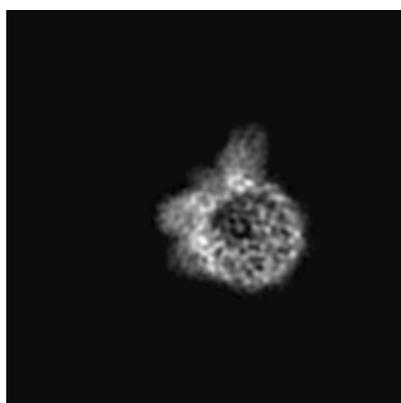
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-20512. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

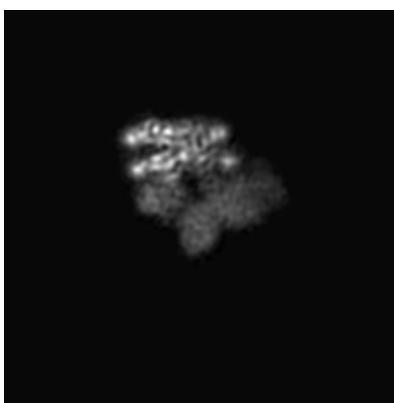
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

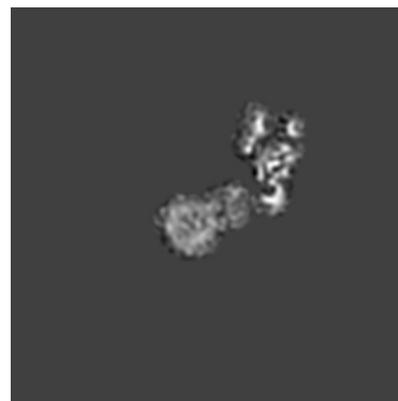
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 175



Y Index: 175



Z Index: 175

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

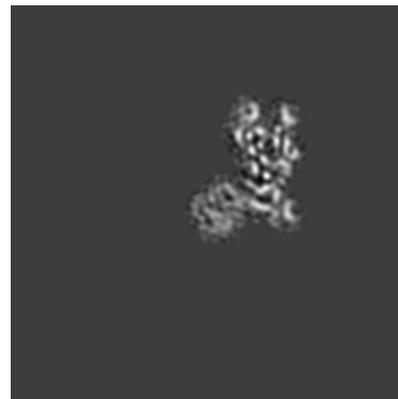
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 241



Y Index: 226

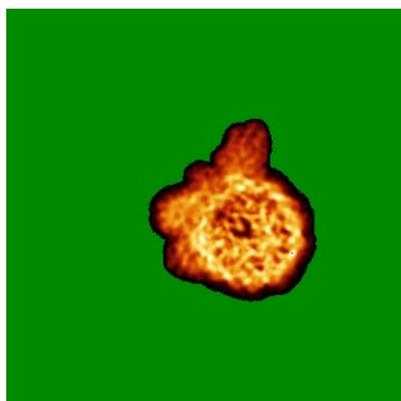


Z Index: 144

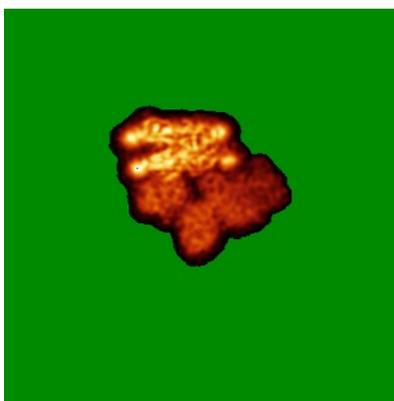
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

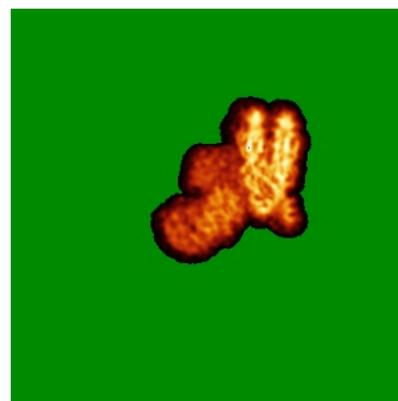
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

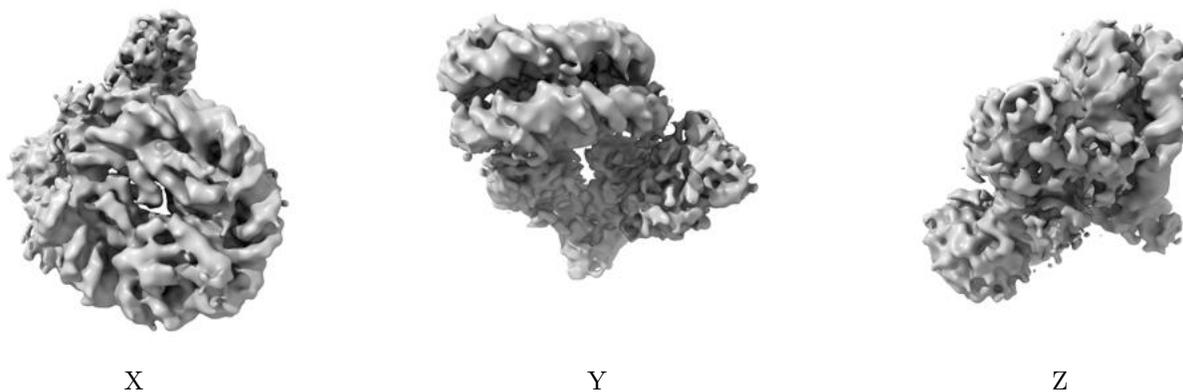


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.01. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

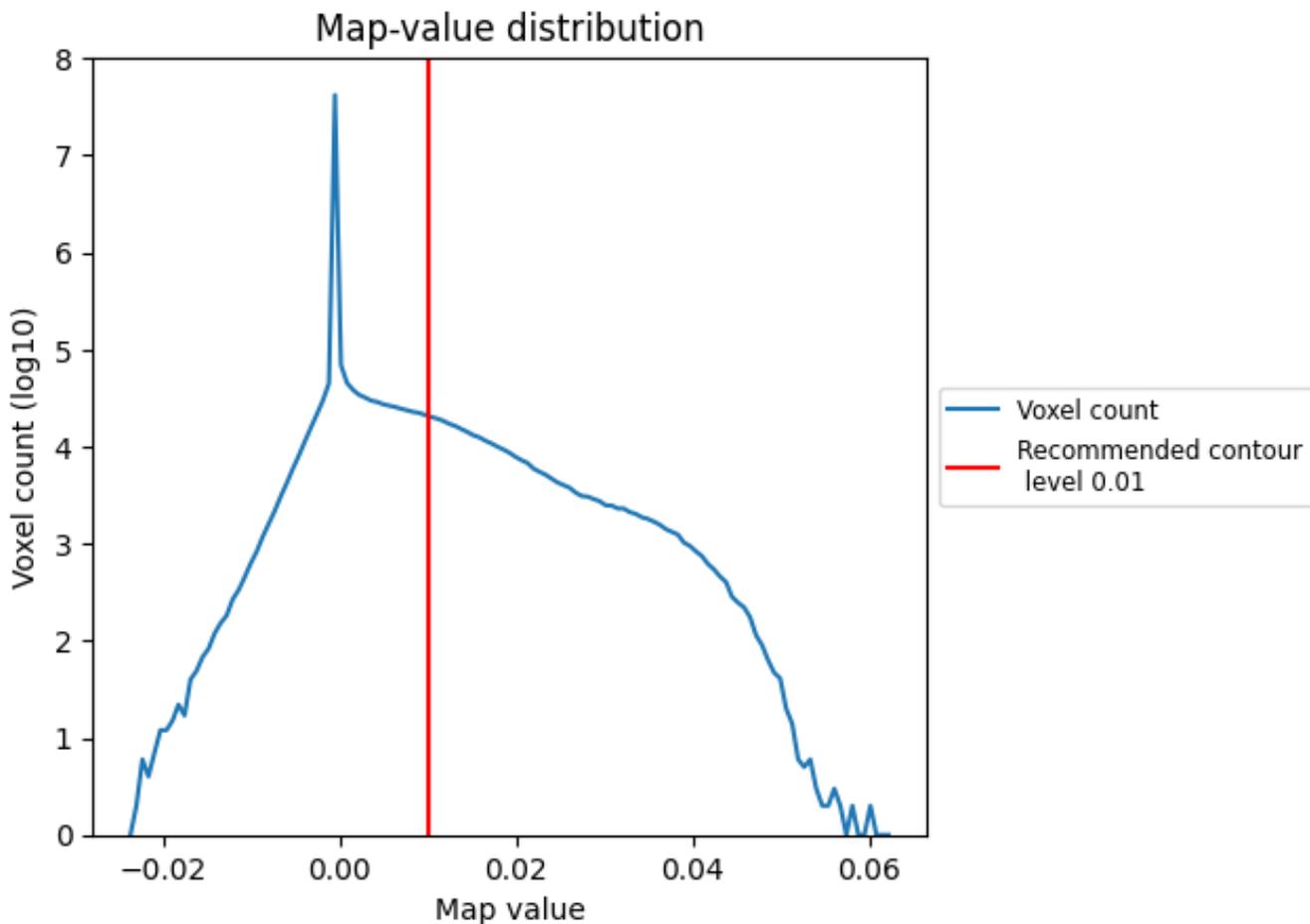
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

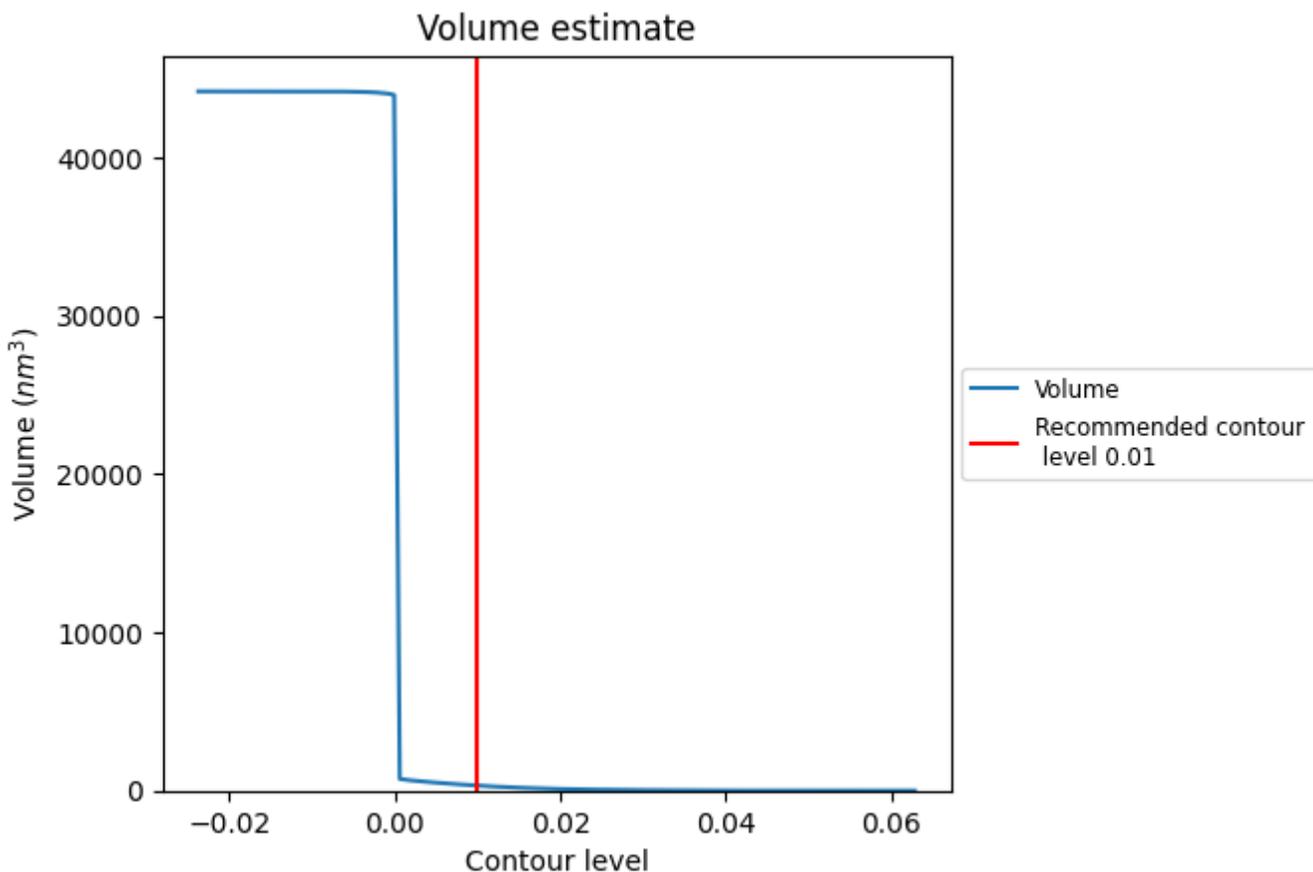
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

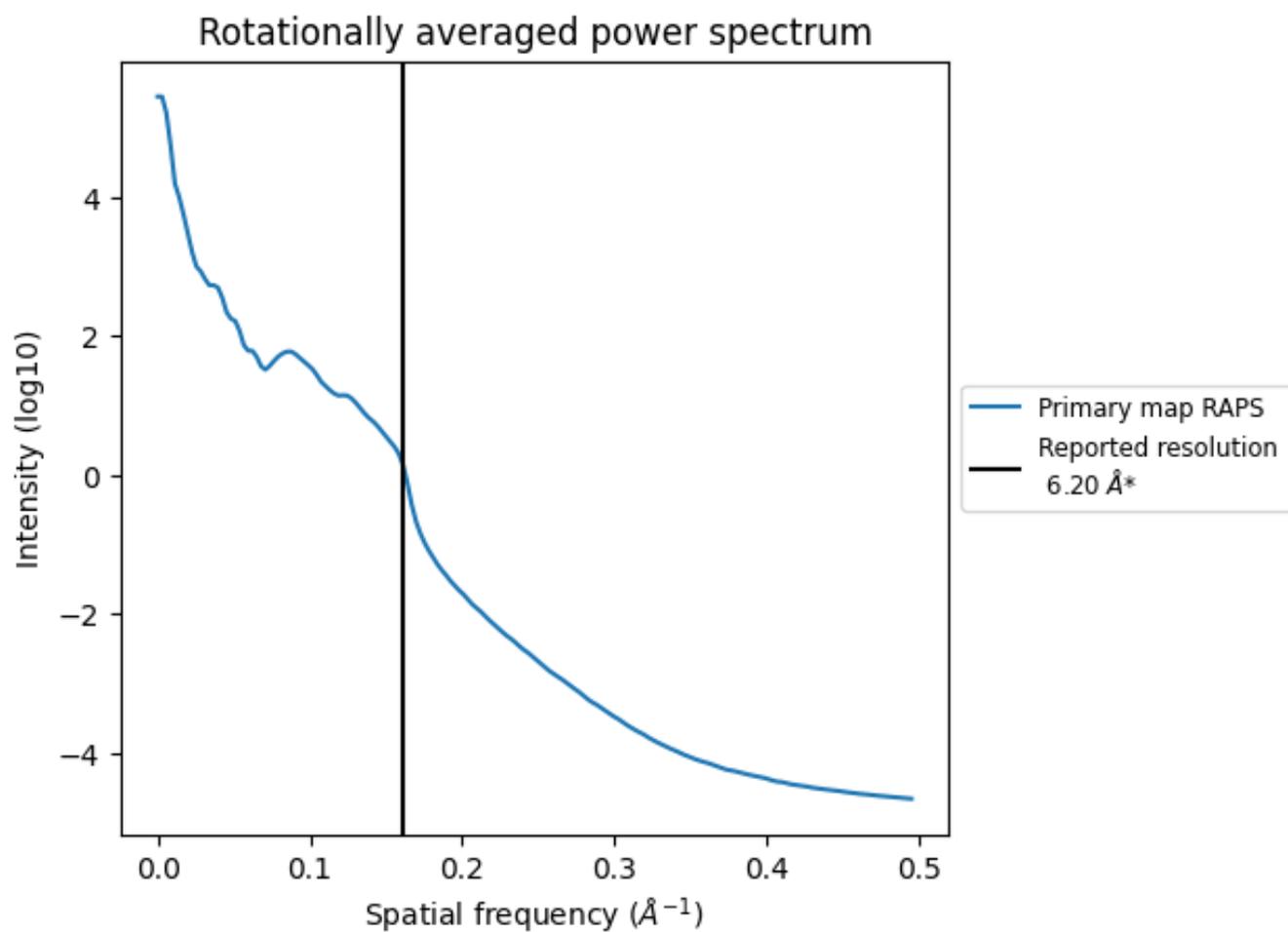
7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 319 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 288 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

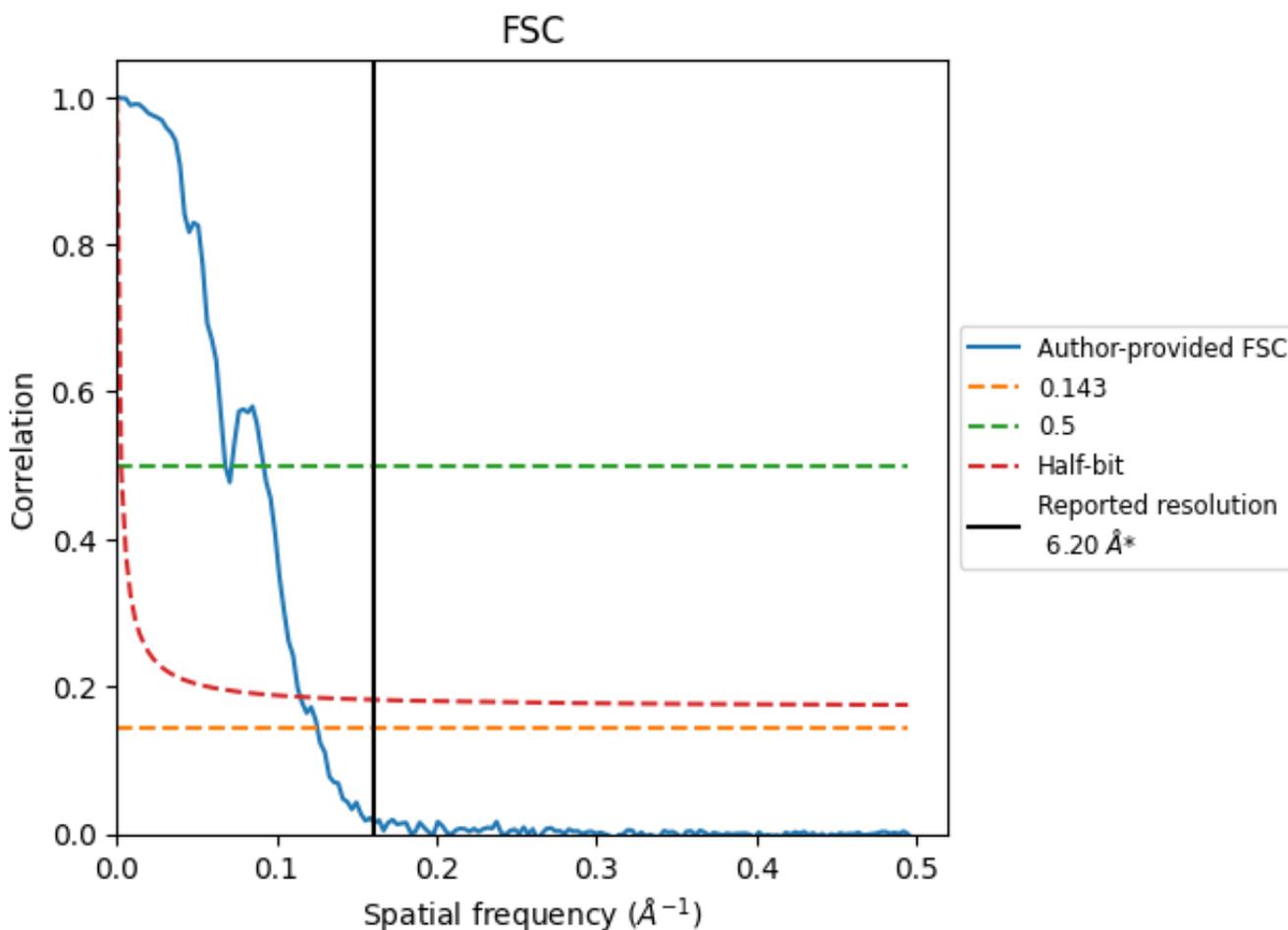


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.161\AA^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.161 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

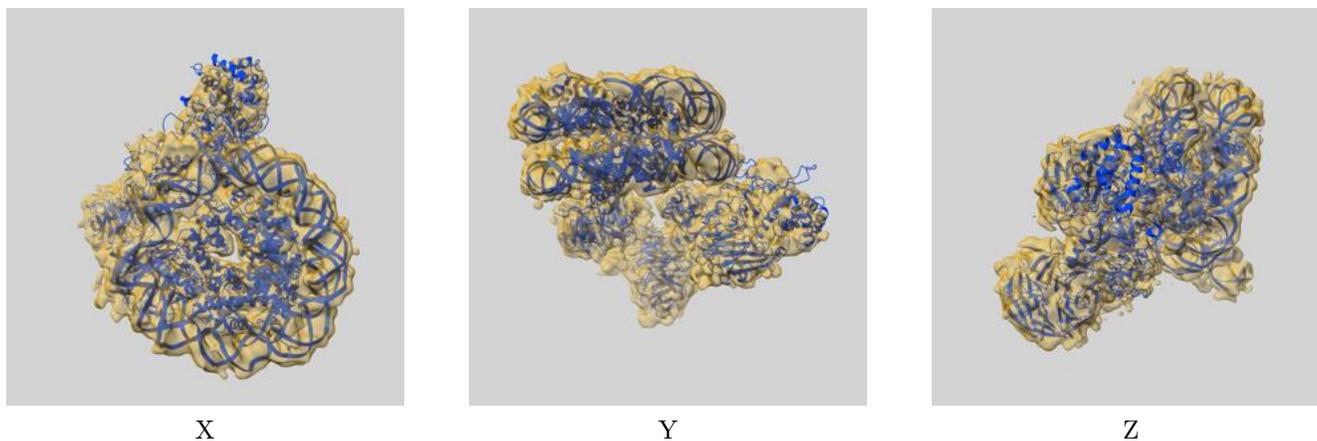
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	6.20	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	7.97	14.75	8.71
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from author-provided FSC intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 7.97 differs from the reported value 6.2 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

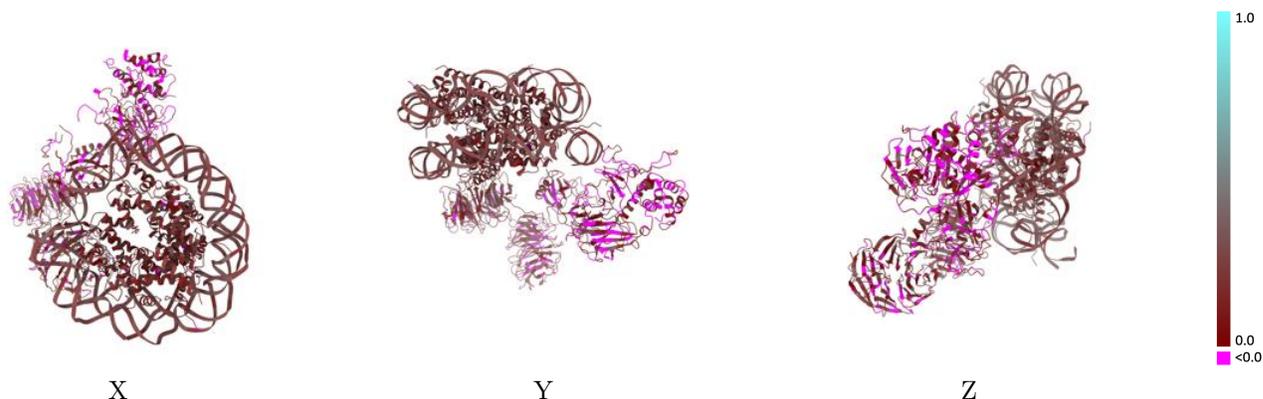
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-20512 and PDB model 6PWV. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [8](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



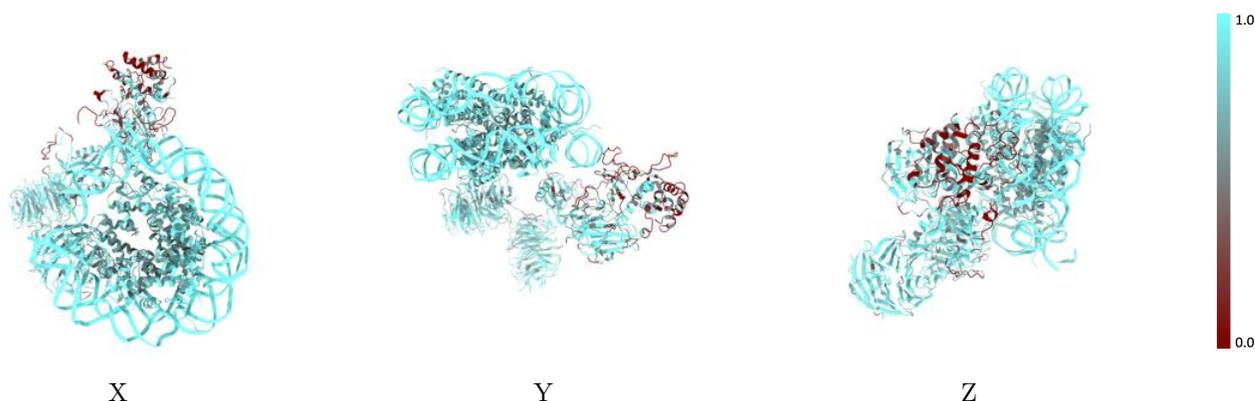
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.01 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



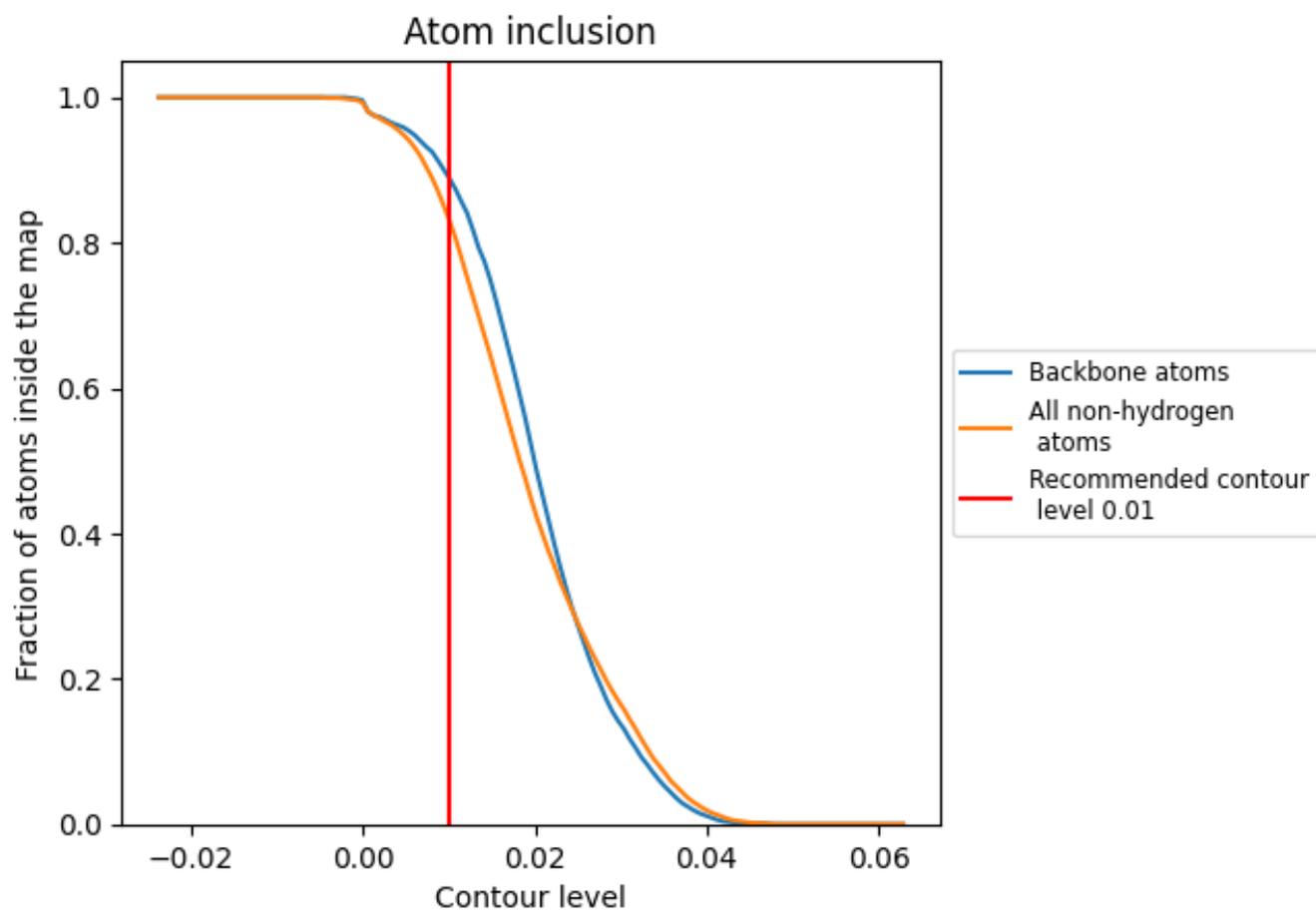
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.01).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 89% of all backbone atoms, 83% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.01) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.8320	 0.1880
A	 0.8630	 0.1790
B	 0.9060	 0.1320
C	 0.7730	 0.1160
D	 0.5760	 0.0630
E	 0.2960	 0.0210
F	 0.3900	 0.0490
G	 0.7910	 0.2020
H	 0.7890	 0.2170
I	 0.8380	 0.2170
J	 0.8320	 0.2230
K	 0.8160	 0.1970
L	 0.8280	 0.2080
M	 0.8510	 0.2160
N	 0.8510	 0.2200
O	 0.9890	 0.2820
P	 0.9900	 0.2830

